Bronchogen

PEPTIDES

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Bronchogen is a peptide bioregulator targeting the bronchopulmonary system that restores balance in lung tissues, bronchi, and overall respiratory function. Bioregulators, compared to peptides, are comprised of shorter chains of amino acids which, due to their smaller size, have a lower risk of triggering an unwanted immune response. Each bioregulator is tissue-specific, and can bind to DNA and regulate gene expression in specific tissues. Whereas larger peptides mainly act through signaling pathways, bioregulators tend to normalize cellular function at the genetic level. Because they can activate or suppress certain genes linked to repair, regeneration, and longevity, their effects are more foundational and long-lasting compared to standard peptides, which usually only act while present during periods of administration. What are the benefits of using Bronchogen? Cellular Regeneration: Enhances repair of bronchial and pulmonary epithelial cells, promoting tissue resilience Respiratory System Regulation: Supports the normal functioning of lung tissue and bronchial passages by modulating cellular repair and regeneration Chronic Bronchial Conditions: May aid in management of chronic bronchitis, asthma, and recurrent inflammatory processes of the bronchi Pulmonary Rehabilitation: Used in recovery support following respiratory infections, toxic exposures, or after mechanical ventilation Allergic and Inflammatory Disorders: Helps reduce the impact of inflammatory responses in the bronchial system Age-Related Respiratory Decline: Investigated for its ability to maintain respiratory tissue structure and function in older populations Post-Infection Recovery: Supports normalization of bronchial tissue after viral or bacterial respiratory illnesses Anti-Inflammatory Effects: Helps balance inflammatory signaling, which may reduce airway irritation and hyperreactivity Improved Oxygen Exchange: By maintaining structural integrity of bronchial pathways, it may indirectly support better oxygen intake Gene Expression Modulation: Influences epigenetic regulation of proteins associated with tissue health, repair, and immune defense in the lungs Immune Support: Strengthens local immune defenses of the respiratory tract, improving resilience to environmental stressors Therapeutic Adjunct: Can complement conventional treatments for respiratory illnesses by enhancing natural tissue recovery and lowering relapse risk Reconstitution and Dosing 40-day cycle; may be repeated after 3-6 months Dose 6 days on and 1 day off each week Dose at bedtime, 2 hours after your last meal Mix with 3mL (300 units) of BAC water Days 1-7 : 8 units (500mcg)/day, 6 consecutive days of the week Days 8-40: 30 units (2mg), 6 consecutive days of each week, through the end of the cycle

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